# Gates to a Global Empire



## OVER SEED, FOOD, HEALTH, KNOWLEDGE ...AND THE EARTH

A GLOBAL CITIZENS' REPORT

Coordinated by



### BANANA BIOPIRACY:

# AN OPEN LETTER TO QUT'S DR JAMES DALE, THE BILL AND MELINDA GATES FOUNDATION AND THE CONVENTION ON BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY 1

Mantasa



Paul Gauguin, Le Repas (The Meal), 1891

The Gates Foundation has invested 15 million dollars in Dr James Dale's GMO so-called 'super-bananas' developed at Queensland University of Technology (QUT) since approximately 2005. The project is being touted as philanthropy with a humanitarian purpose in combating micronutrient deficiency. The GMO bananas have gained considerable media attention for the project, but it is not at all clear that the GMO banana project is truly a charitable exercise. It is however a clear case of biopiracy.

Fe'i bananas (Musa troglodytarum L.) are a traditional food across the Asia-Pacific, found in an area ranging from Maluku in Indonesia to Tahiti and Hawaii in the Pacific. Until fairly recently local consumption of Fe'i bananas across the region had been largely displaced by imported, unhealthy, colonial food cultures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Extracted from: Mantasa. "No Gmo Banana Republic – Stop Banana Biopiracy!" *Seed Freedom*. Last modified October 12, 2014. https://seedfreedom.info/no-gmo-banana-republic-stop-banana-biopiracy/

In the early 2000's US researcher Lois Englberger, living in Micronesia, after searching for sources of vitamin A in the traditional diet of Micronesia, found that Micronesian 'Karat' bananas – so called because of their orange 'carrot-like' flesh and subsequent high beta-carotene content - had been traditionally used in Micronesia as an infant weaning food<sup>2</sup>.



Paul Gauguin, La Orana Maria (The Virgin Mary), 1891

Based on Englberger's work, the Federated States of Micronesia have an ongoing program to bring back and cultivation the encourage consumption of these local banana varieties<sup>3</sup>. Englberger's work with the Island Food Community of Pohnpei in FSM has seen the use of these varieties widely adopted in a campaign called 'Let's Go Local!'. The program has been so successful that the Karat banana has been adopted as the state emblem of Pohnpei⁴.

Englberger's work however, did include nutritional surveying of pacific banana cultivars in Australia held in collection by the Queensland Department Primary Industries<sup>5</sup>:

"What Dr Dale has done is to take the high beta-carotene banana gene for his GMO 'super-bananas' from an existing Fe'i banana variety from Papua New Guinea, following a study<sup>6</sup> that compared ten cultivars with yellow to orange fruit. The 'winner' was the Asupina cultivar<sup>7</sup>, which had the highest level of trans betacarotene – the most important pro-vitamin A carotenoid. . . more than 25 times more than the level in the Cavendish cultivars that dominate the international banana trade. The trouble is, this makes Dr Dales' GMO 'super-banana' a clear case of biopiracy. The original Asupina, collected 25 years earlier from Papua New Guinea and held by the Queensland Department of Primary Industries (Q-DPI), is the rightful property of the nation and the communities that developed it" 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Englberger, L., Darnton-Hill, I., Coyne, T., Fitzgerald, M.H. and Marks, G.C. 2003. Carotenoid-rich bananas: A potential food source for alleviating vitamin A deficiency. Food and Nutrition Bulletin 24(4):303-318. http://www.musalit.org/seeMore.php?id=8855

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Coghlan, Andy. "Orange Banana to Boost Kids' Eyes." New Scientist, July 10, 2014. https://www.newscientist.com/article/dn6120-orange-banana-to-boost-kids-eyes/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Radford, Tim. "Carrot-like Banana Could Save Lives in the Tropics." The Guardian, July 8, 2004. http://www.theguardian.com/uk/2004/jul/08/research.health 5 "Asupina." The Banana Knowledge Platform of the ProMusa Network.

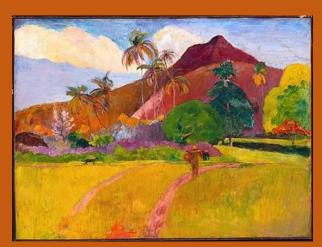
http://www.promusa.org/Asupina

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Mlalazi, Bulukani, Welsch, Ralf, Namanya, Priver, Khanna, Harjeet, Gei-jskes, Jason, Harrison, Mark, Harding, Rob, Dale, James, & Bateson, Marion (2012). Isolation and functional characterisation of banana phytoene synthasegenes as potential cisgenes. Planta, 236(5), pp. 1585-1598. https://eprints.qut.edu.au/52937/ & http://eprints.qut.edu.au/52937/1/Mlalazi\_2012\_-

\_Accepted\_PSY\_draft\_manuscript\_-\_ePrints\_version.pdf <sup>7</sup> lbid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Breasley, Adam, and Oliver Tickell. "Why Is Bill Gates Backing GMO Red Banana 'Biopiracy'?" The Guardian, November 24, 2014. https://theecologist.org/2014/nov/24/why-bill-gates-backing-gmo-

The Asupina is not a wild variety as Dr Dale has claimed<sup>9</sup> – it is a domesticated cultivar from PNG. It is also not unpleasant to eat as Dr Dale has also claimed. As Englberger was at pains to point out, there are Fe'i banana varieties that are delicious when eaten raw, baked or boiled.



Paul Gauguin, (Tahitian Landscape), 1891

Dale's globe-trotting Dr GMO bananas are a globe-trotting case of biopiracy. The traditional knowledge they have used comes Micronesia from and Englberger's work. The Q-DPI public collection from which Jeff Daniels sourced the Asupina variety should have been a collection held in public trust. Their GMO 'super banana' project, on which Dr Dale holds multiple for 'banana patents transformation', now proposes to

sell these purloined treasures back to the world as their own patented product from which they can derive royalties, determine access, and is ironically being offered up as an act of charity. Rather this is an act of biocolonialism.

Moreover, the GMO 'super-bananas' are an expensive distraction away from real solutions for vitamin A deficiency. We do not need to waste time and millions on GMOs when we have viable existing solutions that are based on biodiversity and available right now. Malnutrition is a complex problem that cannot be solved by monocultural solutions whether of the mind or of the field, not by 'Golden Rice' nor the cartoon solution of GMO 'super-bananas'.

Taking resources away from communities can only be done violently.

The GMO banana project began violently, with the unacknowledged theft of traditional knowledge and cultural heritage of local communities and farmers in PNG and Micronesia, which has now been enclosed in patents for 'banana transformation'.

It continued violently with the Market Trials conducted on unsuspecting human subjects in Iowa - female students, who were being paid 900 dollars to turn themselves into human guinea pigs, while no safety tests for human consumption of the GMO bananas have been done.

64

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Huizen, Jennifer. "'Super Bananas' Enter U.S. Market Trials." Scientific American, July 1, 2014. https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/super-bananas-enter-u-s-market-trials/

#### Gates to a Global Empire

#### ...over Seed, Food, Health, Knowledge and The Earth

A Global Citizens' Report

© Navdanya International

First edition October 2020

#### Navdanya Team:

Editors: Vandana Shiva, Caroline Lockhart.

Additional Research and Editing: Carla Ramos Cortés, Elisa Catalini, Ruchi Shroff

Translations: Elisa Catalini, Carla Ramos Cortés

Front Cover Illustration: Federico Zenoni

Layout: Elisa Catalini

#### **Authors:**

Vandana Shiva, founder of Navdanya Research Foundation for Science, Technology and Ecology (India) and President of Navdanya International.

Farida Akhter, founding Executive Director of UBINIG, Bangladesh.

Fernando Cabaleiro, Attorney at law (University of Buenos Aires), Naturaleza de Derechos, Argentina.

Community Alliance for Global Justice/AGRA Watch.

GM Watch.

Nicoletta Dentico, journalist, and director of the global health program of Society for International Development (SID).

José Esquinas Alcazar, former Secretary of the FAO Intergovernmental Commission on Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture and Chairman of the FAO Ethics Committee for Food and Agriculture.

Seth Itzkan, Co-founder and Co-Director of Soil4Climate Inc.

Dru Jay, Coordinator of GeoengineeringMonitor.org, writer and activist in climate justice and Indigenous solidarity movements, based in Montreal, Canada.

Aidé Jiménez-Martínez, MA in Sciences, Director of Regulations of Biosafety, Biodiversity and Genetic Resources, SEMARNAT, Mexico.

Satish Kumar, Founder of Schumacher College, England, UK.

Jonathan Latham, molecular biologist and former genetic engineer. He now edits the website Independent Science News.

Mantasa, Indonesia.

Chito Medina, founding member of MASIPAG (Farmers-Scientists Partnership For Development), and former National Coordinator of the network. Associate Professor of environmental science in a leading university in the Philippines.

Zahra Moloo, Kenya, Investigative journalist, documentary filmmaker and researcher on extractive industries, land rights, conservation and security. ETC Group, based in Montreal, Canada.

Silvia Ribeiro, Uruguay, Journalist, lecturer, writer, and educator on emerging technologies, Latin American Director, ETC Group, based in Mexico City.

Adelita San Vicente, Doctor in Agroecology, Director General of the Primary Sector and Natural Resources, SEMARNAT, Mexico.

Tapsoba Ali de Goamma; Human rights activist; Ecologist; President of the Terre A Vie association; Spokesperson for the Collectif Citoyen pour l'Agroécologie (Citizen's Collective for Agroecology), Burkina Faso.

Jim Thomas, Co-Executive Director and Researcher, focusing on emerging technologies on human rights, biodiversity, equity, and food systems, ETC Group, currently based in Canada.

Timothy Wise, Senior Advisor at the Institute for Agriculture and Trade Policy (IATP).





















Full Report webpage